# STIC-Biot ch/Ch mLib

From: Sent: To:

Yu, Misook Monday, May 05, 2003 9:04 AM STIC-Biotech/ChemLib 09/851,422

Subject:

Please search SEQ ID NO:1, 2, and 8. They are all small peptides.

Examiner Misook Yu, Ph.D. 703-308-2454 (Phone) Art Unit 1642 CM1-8E18 (Room) CM1-8E12 (Mail Box)

Point of Contact P. Sheppard number: (703) 308-4499

Searcher:	Telephone number: (
Phone:	
Location:	
<b>Date Picked</b>	
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Searcher Pro	ep/Review:
Clerical:	
Online time	•

NA Sequences:	
AA Sequences:	
Structures:	
Bibliographic:	
Litigation:	
Full text:	
Patent Family:	

Other:\_

TYPE OF SEARCH:

VENDOR/COST (where applic.)
STN:
DIALOG:
Questel/Orbit:
DRLink:
Lexis/Nexis:
Sequence Sys.:
WWW/Internet:
Other (specify):

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FILE COVERS 1907 - 7 May 2003 VOL 138 ISS 19 FILE LAST UPDATED: 6 May 2003 (20030506/ED)

This file contains CAS Registry Numbers for easy and accurate substance identification.

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6019 SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON PLU=ON LVDRATCLR|DRAT|VPHNESE/SQSP 16 SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON PLU=ON L1 AND SQL=< 20 L1

L2

12 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L2 L3

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ANSWER 1 OF 12 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS 2003:202677 HCAPLUS ACCESSION NUMBER:

138:236915 DOCUMENT NUMBER:

Engineering of human coagulation factor IX for TITLE:

reduction or elimination of immunogenicity

Carr, Francis J.; Carter, Graham INVENTOR(S):

Merck Patent GmbH, Germany PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): PCT Int. Appl., 49 pp. SOURCE:

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

English LANGUAGE:

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT	NO.		KIND DATE				A.	PPLI	CATI	ои ис	ο.	DATE					
WO 2003	64	A:	2 :		WO 2002-EP9717 20020830												
W:	ΑE,	AG,	AL,	AM,	AT,	ΑU,	ΑZ,	BA,	BB,	BG,	BR,	BY,	ΒZ,	CA,	CH,	CN,	
	co,	CR,	CU,	CZ,	DE,	DK,	DM,	DZ,	EC,	EE,	ES,	FI,	GB,	GD,	GE,	GH,	
	GM,	HR,	HU,	ID,	IL,	IN,	IS,	JP,	ΚE,	KG,	KP,	KR,	ΚZ,	LC,	LK,	LR,	
	LS,	LT,	LU,	LV,	MA,	MD,	MG,	MK,	MN,	MW,	MX,	ΜZ,	NO,	ΝZ,	OM,	PH,	
	PL,	PT,	RO,	RU,	SD,	SE,	SG,	SI,	SK,	SL,	ΤJ,	TM,	TN,	TR,	TT,	ΤZ,	
	UA,	UG,	US,	UZ,	VN,	YU,	ZA,	ZM,	ZW,	AM,	ΑZ,	BY,	KG,	ΚZ,	MD,	RU,	
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RW:	GH,	GM,	KE,	LS,	MW,	MZ,	SD,	SL,	SZ,	TZ,	ÜG,	ZM,	ZW,	ΑT,	BE,	BG,	

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CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL,
             PT, SE, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR,
             NE, SN, TD, TG
                                         EP 2001-121154
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:
                                                          A 20010904
     The authors disclose the engineering of human factor IX to result in a
     modified protein(s) that are substantially non-immunogenic or less
     immunogenic than the non-modified counterpart. The engineering of
     immunogenicity comprises a characterization of epitopes for class
     II-restricted T-cells.
     501118-82-7 501118-83-8 501118-84-9
ΙT
     501118-85-0 501118-86-1
     RL: ADV (Adverse effect, including toxicity); PRP (Properties); BIOL
     (Biological study)
        (engineering of human coagulation factor IX for redn. or elimination
        of)
     ANSWER 2 OF 12 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS
L3
                         2003:118086 HCAPLUS
ACCESSION NUMBER:
                         138:168794
DOCUMENT NUMBER:
                         Early detection of mycobacterial disease using
TITLE:
                         peptides
                         Laal, Suman; Zolla-Pazner, Susan; Belisle, John T.
INVENTOR(S):
                         New York University, USA
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):
                         PCT Int. Appl., 120 pp.
SOURCE:
                         CODEN: PIXXD2
                         Patent
DOCUMENT TYPE:
                         English
LANGUAGE:
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
PATENT INFORMATION:
                                           APPLICATION NO. DATE
     PATENT NO.
                  KIND DATE
     WO 2003012395
                      A2
                            20030213
                                           WO 2002-US24297 20020802
         W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN,
             CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH,
             GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR,
             LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, OM, PH,
             PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ,
             UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU,
             TJ, TM
         RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AT, BE, BG,
             CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR,
NE, SN, TD, TG
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:
                                         US 2001-309185P P 20010802
     A no. of protein and glycoprotein antigens secreted by Mycobacterium
     tuberculosis (Mtb) have been identified as "early" Mtb antigens on the
     basis of early antibodies present in subjects infected with Mtb prior to
     the development of detectable clin. disease. Epitope-bearing peptide
     fragments of these early Mtb antigens, in particular of an 88 kDa secreted
     protein, GlcB (SEQ ID NO:106) and of Mtb antigen MPT51 (SEQ ID NO:107)
     have been identified. These peptides, variants thereof, peptide multimers
     thereof that include two or more repeats of one or more of the peptides,
     and fusion polypeptides that include early Mtb antigenic proteins,
     peptides or both, are useful in immunoassay methods for early, rapid
     detection of TB in a subject. Preferred immunoassays detect the
     antibodies in the subject's urine. Also provided are antigenic compns.,
     kits and methods useful for detecting early Mtb antibodies. The antigenic
     proteins and peptides are also used in vaccine compns.
IT
     496911-39-8 496911-40-1
     RL: PRP (Properties)
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(unclaimed sequence; early detection of mycobacterial disease using

peptides)

L3 ANSWER 3 OF 12 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:716304 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

137:259591

TITLE:

System and method for systematic prediction of

APPLICATION NO. DATE

ligand/receptor activity

INVENTOR(S):

Brusic, Vladimir

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Kent Ridge Digital Labs, Singapore

SOURCE:

PCT Int. Appl., 45 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

KIND DATE

LANGUAGE:

English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT NO.

PATENT INFORMATION:

TAIBNI NO.															
020726	13	A	 1	2002	0919		W	20	01-S	G49		2001	0310		
: AE,	AG,	AL,	AM,	ΑT,	AU,	ΑZ,	BA,	BB,	BG,	BR,	BY,	ΒZ,	CA,	CH,	CN,
co,	CR,	CU,	CZ,	DE,	DK,	DM,	DZ,	EE,	ES,	FI,	GB,	GD,	GΕ,	GH,	GM,
LT,	LU,	LV,	MA,	MD,	MG,	MK,	MN,	MW,	MX,	ΜZ,	NO,	NZ,	PL,	PT,	RO,
RU,	SD,	SE,	SG,	SI,	SK,	SL,	ТJ,	TM,	TR,	TT,	ΤZ,	UA,	UG,	US,	UZ,
VN,	YU,	ZA,	ZW,	AM,	ΑZ,	BY,	KG,	KΖ,	MD,	RU,	TJ,	TM			
W: GH,	GM,	ΚE,	LS,	MW,	ΜZ,	SD,	SL,	SZ,	TZ,	UG,	ZW,	AT,	BE,	CH,	CY,
DE,	DK,	ES,	FΙ,	FR,	GB,	GR,	ΙE,	ΙT,	LU,	MC,	NL,	PT,	SE,	TR,	BF,
			CI,	CM,	GA,										
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	W: AE, CO, HR, LT, RW: GH, DE, BJ, APPLN. Ing of eptors) s (ince caction to tra lotor, in otor, in otor, an active ctive group data and a	AE, AG, CO, CR, HR, HU, LT, LU, RU, SD, VN, YU, RW: GH, GM, DE, DK, BJ, CF, APPLN. INFO and of pept eptors). Si s (includicate data for dereceptor action used to train a ligand-receptor, involutor and processor and processor active mode group of receptor and artif	CO, CR, CU, HR, HU, ID, LT, LU, LV, RU, SD, SE, VN, YU, ZA, RW: GH, GM, KE, DE, DK, ES, BJ, CF, CG, APPLN. INFO.: Invention conce. Ing of peptide- eptors). Specials (including, lence data form and-receptor bine action used all to train a detending affinity). I ligand-receptor, involves better and presentative model. Conceptor of relating data on peptident and artificia	AE, AG, AL, AM, CO, CR, CU, CZ, HR, HU, ID, IL, LT, LU, LV, MA, RU, SD, SE, SG, VN, YU, ZA, ZW, AW: GH, GM, KE, LS, DE, DK, ES, FI, BJ, CF, CG, CI, APPLN. INFO.: Invention concerns and of peptide-like eptors). Specificals (including, but ence data form ligal and-receptor binding to train a detg. manding affinity of and presenting active model. The active model for degroup of related regions and artificial ne	C. AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, VN, YU, ZA, ZW, AM, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, APPLN. INFO.:  Invention concerns a gent and of peptide-like lighters). Specifically selectors). Specifically selectors and artificial means and artificial neural and artificial neural	CO. CR. CU. CZ. DE. DK. HR. HU. ID. IL. IN. IS. LT. LU. LV. MA. MD. MG. RU. SD. SE. SG. SI. SK. VN. YU. ZA. ZW. AM. AZ. RW: GH. GM. KE. LS. MW. MZ. DE. DK. ES. FI. FR. GB. BJ. CF. CG. CI. CM. GA. APPLN. INFO.: Invention concerns a general Ing of peptide-like ligands exptors). Specifically this is (including, but not limit ence data form ligands and indereceptor binding affinition action used along with the to train a detg. means in inding affinity of a novel color, involves the combining bottor and presenting that report of the color of the colors in the color of the system as active model. The system as active model for detn. of ligroup of related receptors ig data on peptide binding to and artificial neural netricial	CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, VN, YU, ZA, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, APPLN. INFO.:  Invention concerns a general sylong of peptide-like ligands (peptide-like ligands (peptide-like ligands and their and cate of the data form ligands and their action used along with the bine action action used along with the bine action action action action action act	C. AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, APPLN. INFO:  APPLN. INFO:  Apply and a general system and system and a form ligands and their restance data form ligands and their restance data form ligands and their restance cate and a form of	CO. CR. CU. CZ. DE. DK. DM. DZ. EE. HR. HU. ID. IL. IN. IS. JP. KE. KG. LT. LU. LV. MA. MD. MG. MK. MN. MW. RU. SD. SE. SG. SI. SK. SL. TJ. TM. VN. YU. ZA. ZW. AM. AZ. BY. KG. KZ. DE. DK. ES. FI. FR. GB. GR. IE. IT. BJ. CF. CG. CI. CM. GA. GN. GW. ML. APPLN. INFO.:  APPLN. INFO.:  Apply of peptide-like ligands (peptides) eptors). Specifically this invention used along with the binding affitototrain a detg. means in a form of a period and affinity of a novel (not used form) ligand-receptor interaction, involving tor, involves the combining of representation and presenting that representation. Ctive model. The system and method candid and artificial neural networks (ANN).	CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EE, ES, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, VN, YU, ZA, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, MO, 2001-SG49.  APPLN. INFO:  Apply and of peptide-like ligands (peptides) to perform the system and metal and an expectation used along with the binding affinity to train a detg. means in a form of a prediction of the system and metal and affinity of a novel (not used for train a detg. means in a form of a prediction, involves the combining of representation to a ligand-receptor interaction, involving a petor, involves the combining of representation to a control of the system and method can be active model. The system and method can be active model for detn. of ligand binding to group of related receptors. This system and artificial neural networks (ANN).	CO. CR. AL., AM., AT., AU., AZ., BA., BB., BG., BR., CO., CR., CU., CZ., DE., DK., DM., DZ., EE., ES., FI., HR., HU., ID., IL., IN., IS., JP., KE., KG., KP., KR., LT., LU., LV., MA., MD., MG., MK., MN., MW., MX., MZ., RU., SD., SE., SG., SI., SK., SL., TJ., TM., TR., TT., VN., YU., ZA., ZW., AM., AZ., BY., KG., KZ., MD., RU., DE., DK., ES., FI., FR., GB., GR., IE., IT., LU., MC., BJ., CF., CG., CI., CM., GA., GN., GW., ML., MR., NE., L., MC., C., C., C., C., C., C., C., C., C.,	CO. CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EE, ES, FI, GB, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, TZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, CW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, CPPLN. INFO:  Convention concerns a general system and method, for any of peptide-like ligands (peptides) to peptide-leptors). Specifically this invention uses non-line is (including, but not limited to, artificial neural ence data form ligands and their resp. receptors, a material adetg. The representation caction used along with the binding affinity of sai to train a detg. means in a form of a predictive manding affinity of a novel (not used for training of coor, involves the combining of representations of cotor and presenting that representation to a previous cative model. The system and method can be used as a ctive model for detn. of ligand binding to an indigroup of related receptors. This system and method data on peptide binding to major histocompatibilicand artificial neural networks (ANN).	C: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, TZ, UA, VN, YU, ZA, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, CW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW, AT, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, APPLN. INFO:  "AND 2001-SG49 2001" and their concentration concerns a general system and method, for presented at a form ligands (peptides) to peptide-like express). Specifically this invention uses non-linear pass (including, but not limited to, artificial neural negation used along with the binding affinity of said into train a detg. means in a form of a predictive model anding affinity of a novel (not used for training of a post of a predictive model and affinity of a novel (not used for training of a post of a previously of a novel and presenting that representation to a previously of a novel for and presenting that representation to a previously of a citive model. The system and method can be used as a solutive model. The system and method can be used as a solutive model for detn. of ligand binding to an individual group of related receptors. This system and method was data on peptide binding to major histocompatibility of and artificial neural networks (ANN).	AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, PL, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, VN, YU, ZA, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG NVENTION CONCERNS a general system and method, for predicting of peptide-like ligands (peptides) to peptide-like receiptors). Specifically this invention uses non-linear prediction used along with the binding affinity of said interaction used along with the binding affinity of said interaction used along with the binding affinity of said interaction used along with the binding affinity of said interaction used along with the binding affinity of said interaction used along with the binding affinity of said interaction used along with the binding affinity of said interaction used along with the binding affinity of said interaction used along with the binding affinity of said interaction used along with the binding affinity of said interaction used along with the binding affinity of said interaction used along with the proposed said interaction and presenting that representation to a previously tractive model. The system and method can be used as a single ctive model for detn. of ligand binding to an individual regroup of related receptors. This system and method was vary data on peptide binding to major histocompatibility comple and artificial neural networks (ANN).	CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, VN, YU, ZA, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, CW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, TR, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG and the substantial concerns a general system and method, for prediction and of peptide-like ligands (peptides) to peptide-like receptor eptors). Specifically this invention uses non-linear prediction and receptor binding affinities. The representation of ligand-receptor binding affinities. The representation of ligand-receptor used along with the binding affinity of said interaction to train a detg. means in a form of a predictive model. Prediction and presenting that representations of both peptide onto and presenting that representation to a previously trained active model. The system and method can be used as a single active model for detn. of ligand binding to an individual receptor of related receptors. This system and method was validated and artificial neural networks (ANN).

IT 461387-07-5 461387-29-1 461387-34-8

RL: PRP (Properties)

(unclaimed sequence; system and method for systematic prediction of ligand/receptor activity)

REFERENCE COUNT:

THERE ARE 3 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L3 ANSWER 4 OF 12 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:595012 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

137:168253

TITLE:

Antigenic peptides from G protein-coupled receptors and their antibodies and systems for identifying such

antigenic peptides

INVENTOR(S):

Burmer, Glenna C.; Roush, Christine L.; Brown, Joseph

Ρ.

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Lifespan Biosciences, Inc., USA

SOURCE:

PCT Int. Appl., 523 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent English

LANGUAGE:

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

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APPLICATION NO. DATE
                    KIND DATE
    PATENT NO.
                           20020808
                                         WO 2001-US50107 20011219
    WO 2002061087
                     A2
        W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN,
            CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR,
            LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, PH, PL,
        BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG
                                       US 2000-257144P A2 20001219
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO .:
    The present invention provides antigenic peptides from G protein-coupled
    receptors (GPCRs) and antibodies relating thereto, and related systems,
    methods, compns., and the like, such as diagnostics and medicaments.
    Where antibodies against a given GPCR are not known, the present invention
    provides such antibodies, and preferred antigenic sequences for producing
    such antibodies. Where antibodies against a given GPCR are known, the
    present invention provides preferred antigenic peptides for producing
    antibodies that exhibit improved specificity, affinity, or capacity to
    perform antibody-related actions relative to the known antibodies.
    1600 antigenic peptides are derived from the amino acid sequence of
     specific GPCRs based on analyses of likely antigen-contg. regions and
     specificity of those regions for the protein/gene of interest. The
     specificity of the antigen peptides (.apprx.20 amino acids in length) for
    antibody generation is detd. using BLAST of several public databases and
    selecting for at least 3 characteristics selected from the group
    consisting of (1) at least two consecutive prolines, (2) at least two
     consecutive serines, (3) at least two consecutive lysines, (4) at least
     two consecutive arginines, (5) at least two consecutive aspartic acids,
     (6) at least two consecutive glutamic acids, (7) methionine, (8)
     tryptophan, and (9) at least five consecutive amino acids comprising no
     charged amino acids. The present invention also provides improved methods
    of selecting antigenic peptides from any desired protein or polypeptide,
     as well as antigenic peptides so produced and antibodies against such
     antigenic peptides. Kits and assays are provided for the detection of
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#### sample. IT 444697-38-5

RL: ANT (Analyte); ARG (Analytical reagent use); BUU (Biological use, unclassified); PRP (Properties); ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(antigenic peptides from G protein-coupled receptors and their antibodies and systems for identifying such antigenic peptides)

antibodies against a particular GPCR or other target polypeptide in a

L3 ANSWER 5 OF 12 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2002:94109 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

136:117375

TITLE:

Antigenic peptides from Neisseria meningitidis and

Neisseria gonorrhoeae

INVENTOR(S):

Galeotti, Cesira; Grandi, Guido; Masignani, Vega; Mora, Mariarosa; Pizza, Mariagrazia; Rappuoli, Rino; Ratti, Guilio; Scarlato, Vincenzo; Scarselli, Maria

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

SOURCE:

Chiron S.p.A., Italy PCT Int. Appl., 974 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

·LANGUAGE:

English

PATENT INFORMATION:

```
PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE

WO 2001031019 A2 20010503 WO 2000-IB1661 20001030

W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM

RW: AT, BE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CH, CI, CM, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GA, GB,
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GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, ML, MR, NE, NL, PT, SE, SN, TD, TG

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:

US 1999-PV162616 19991029

AB This invention provides proteins and fragments thereof derived

This invention provides proteins and fragments thereof derived from the AB bacteria Neisseria meningitidis serotype A, N. meningitidis serotype B, and N. gonorrhoeae. Th protein sequences disclosed in International Application patents WO 1999/57280 and WO 2000/22430 were subjected to computer anal. to predict antigenic peptide fragments, using three algorithms: AMPHI, ANTIGENIC INDEX, and HYDROPHOBICITY. Also provided are nucleic acids encoding for such proteins, polypeptides, and/or fragments, as well as nucleic acids complementary thereto (e.g., antisense nucleic acids). Addnl., this invention provides antibodies which bind to the proteins, polypeptides, and/or fragments. This invention further provides expression vectors useful for making the proteins, polypeptides, and/or fragments, as well as host cells transformed with such vectors. This invention also provides compns. of the protein fragments and/or nucleic acids for use as vaccines, diagnostic reagents, immunogenic compns., and the like. [This abstr. record is the sixth of 8 records for this document necessitated by the large no. of index entries required to fully index the document and publication system constraints.]

IT 336835-32-6

RL: PRP (Properties); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(amino acid sequence; Neisseria meningitidis and N. gonorrhoeae antigens and the genes encoding them for use as vaccine and diagnostic compns.)

L3 ANSWER 6 OF 12 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001:871941 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 136:4714

TITLE: Antigenic peptides from Neisseria meningitidis and

Neisseria gonorrhoeae

INVENTOR(S): Galeotti, Cesira; Grandi, Guido; Masignani, Vega;

Mora, Mariarosa; Pizza, Mariagrazia; Rappuoli, Rino; Ratti, Guilio; Scarlato, Vincenzo; Scarselli, Maria

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Chiron S.p.A., Italy SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 974 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

PATENT INFORMATION:

PAS	PATENT NO. KIND								A	PPLI	CATI	ON NO	٥.	DATE				
									-									
WO 2001031019 A2						2001	0503		W	20	00-I	B166	1	20001030				
W:	ΑE,	AG,	AL,	AM,	AT,	ΑU,	ΑZ,	BA,	BB,	BG,	BR,	BY,	BZ,	CA,	CH,	CN,	CR,	
														GM,				
	IL,	IN,	IS,	JP,	KE,	KG,	ΚP,	KR,	ΚZ,	LC,	LK,	LR,	LS,	LT,	LU,	LV,	MA,	
	MD,	MG,	MK,	MN,	MW,	MX,	ΜZ,	NO,	NZ,	PL,	PT,	RO,	RU,	SD,	SE,	SG,	SI,	
	SK,	SL,	ТJ,	TM,	TR,	TT,	ΤZ,	ŲΑ,	ÜG,	US,	UZ,	VN,	YU,	ZA,	ZW,	AM,	AZ,	
	BY.	KG.	KZ.	MD,	RU,	ТJ,	TM											

```
RW: AT, BE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CH, CI, CM, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GA, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, ML, MR, NE, NL, PT, SE, SN, TD, TG
                                           US 1999-PV162616 19991029
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:
     This invention provides proteins and fragments thereof derived from the
     bacteria Neisseria meningitidis serotype A, N. meningitidis serotype B,
     and N. gonorrhoeae. Th protein sequences disclosed in International
     Application patents WO 1999/57280 and WO 2000/22430 were subjected to
     computer anal. to predict antigenic peptide fragments, using three
     algorithms: AMPHI, ANTIGENIC INDEX, and HYDROPHOBICITY. Also provided are
     nucleic acids encoding for such proteins, polypeptides, and/or fragments,
     as well as nucleic acids complementary thereto (e.g., antisense nucleic
     acids). Addnl., this invention provides antibodies which bind to the
     proteins, polypeptides, and/or fragments. This invention further provides
     expression vectors useful for making the proteins, polypeptides, and/or
     fragments, as well as host cells transformed with such vectors.
     invention also provides compns. of the protein fragments and/or nucleic
     acids for use as vaccines, diagnostic reagents, immunogenic compns., and
     the like. [This abstr. is the fourth of 8 records for this codument
     necessitated by the large no. of index entries required to fully index the
     document and publication system constraints.]
ΙT
     336835-32-6
     RL: PRP (Properties); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES
     (Uses)
        (amino acid sequence; Neisseria meningitidis and N. gonorrhoeae
        antigens and the genes encoding them for use as vaccine and diagnostic
        compns.)
     ANSWER 7 OF 12 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS
L3
                         2001:320112 HCAPLUS
ACCESSION NUMBER:
                         134:339530
DOCUMENT NUMBER:
                         Antigenic peptides from Neisseria meningitidis and
TITLE:
                         Neisseria gonorrhoeae
                         Galeotti, Cesira; Grandi, Guido; Masignani, Vega;
INVENTOR(S):
                         Mora, Mariarosa; Pizza, Mariagrazia; Rappuoli, Rino;
                         Ratti, Guilio; Scarlato, Vincenzo; Scarselli, Maria
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):
                         Chiron Spa, Italy
SOURCE:
                         PCT Int. Appl., 947 pp.
                         CODEN: PIXXD2
DOCUMENT TYPE:
                         Patent
LANGUAGE:
                         English
PATENT INFORMATION:
     PATENT NO.
                      KIND DATE
                                           APPLICATION NO. DATE
                     ----
                                           ______
                            20010503
                                          WO 2000-IB1661 20001030
     WO 2001031019 A2
     W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CR,
         CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID,
         IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA,
         MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI,
         SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW, AM, AZ,
         BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM
     RW: AT, BE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CH, CI, CM, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GA, GB,
         GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, ML, MR, NE, NL, PT, SE, SN, TD, TG
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:
                                           US 1999-PV162616 19991029
     This invention provides proteins and fragments thereof derived from the
AΒ
     bacteria Neisseria meningitidis serotype A, N. meningitidis serotype B,
     and N. gonorrhoeae. Th protein sequences disclosed in International
     Application patents WO 1999/57280 and WO 2000/22430 were subjected to
     computer anal. to predict antigenic peptide fragments, using three
```

algorithms: AMPHI, ANTIGENIC INDEX, and HYDROPHOBICITY. Also provided are nucleic acids encoding for such proteins, polypeptides, and/or fragments, as well as nucleic acids complementary thereto (e.g., antisense nucleic acids). Addnl., this invention provides antibodies which bind to the

proteins, polypeptides, and/or fragments. This invention further provides expression vectors useful for making the proteins, polypeptides, and/or fragments, as well as host cells transformed with such vectors. invention also provides compns. of the protein fragments and/or nucleic acids for use as vaccines, diagnostic reagents, immunogenic compns., and the like. [This abstract record is the first of 8 records for this document necessitated by the large no. of index entries required to fully index the document and publication system constraints.]

ΙT 336835-32-6

RL: PRP (Properties); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES

(antigenic peptides from Neisseria meningitidis and Neisseria gonorrhoeae)

ANSWER 8 OF 12 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

2001:241777 HCAPLUS ACCESSION NUMBER:

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

134:247961

TITLE:

Cloning and genetic mapping of human

ataxia-telangiectasia gene (ATM) and diagnosis of the

disease by mutation detection

INVENTOR(S): PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Shiloh, Yosef; Tagle, Danilo A.; Collins, Francis

The United States of America, Department of Health and Human Services, USA; Ramot University Authority for

Applied Research and Industrial Dev.

SOURCE:

U.S., 61 pp., Cont.-in-part of U.S. 5,777,093.

CODEN: USXXAM

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PAT	rent	NO.		KI	ND	DATE			A	PPLI	CATI	ON N	0.	DATE						
US	6211	336		В	<del></del> 1	2001	0403		U.	s 19	98-9	5212	- <b>-</b> 7	19980226						
US	5756	288		Α		1998	0526		U	US 1995-441822					19950516					
US	5728	807		Α		1998	0317		Ü	US 1995-493092					19950621					
US	5777	093		Α		1998	0707		U	US 1995-508836					19950728					
WO	9636	695		Α	1	1996	1121		W	0 19	96-U	S704	0	1996	0516					
	W:	AL,	AM,	ΑU,	BB,	BG,	BR,	CA,	CN,	CZ,	EE,	FI,	GE,	HU,	IS,	JP,	KG,			
		•	•	•		LT,					•									
			,		•	UA,	-		•		•			•				TM		
	RW:					SZ,														
				•		NL,	PT,	SE,	BF,	ВJ,	CF,	CG,	CI,	CM,	GA,	GN,	ML,			
		•	NE,	•	TD,	TG														
PRIORITY	APP	LN.	INFO	.:					US 1					1995						
									US 1					1995						
									US 1					1995						
								1	WO 1	996-	US 70	4 U	W	1996	0516					

This invention provides a sequence and genomic location of ATM gene which AΒ assocd. with human ataxia-telangiectasia. The human ATM gene consists of 3056 amino acids and located in the region q22-23 of human chromosome 11. The human ATM gene shares a high sequence homol. with mouse ATM gene provided by this invention. ATM genes has a highly conserved C-terminal region showing high sequence homol. to the catalytic domain of PI-3 kinase indicating that the possible working model of human ATM gene is signal transduction between DNA damage and checkpoint system. Various mutation patterns of the ATM gene is clamed in this invention which causes human ataxia-telangiectasia. The det. and detection of the special mutation pattern of the ATM gene can be used to diagnose ataxia-telangiectasia.

IT 185410-66-6

RL: PRP (Properties)

(unclaimed sequence; cloning and genetic mapping of human ataxia-telangiectasia gene (ATM) and diagnosis of the disease by

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mutation detection)
```

THERE ARE 62 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS REFERENCE COUNT: 62 RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

ANSWER 9 OF 12 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS 2000:688272 HCAPLUS ACCESSION NUMBER:

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 133:280563

TITLE: Human antibodies that bind human IL-12 and methods for

producing

INVENTOR(S): Salfeld, Jochen G.; Roguska, Michael; Paskind,

Michael; Banerjee, Subhashis; Tracey, Daniel E.; White, Michael; Kaymakcalan, Zehra; Labkovsky, Boris; Sakorafas, Paul; Friedrich, Stuart; Myles, Angela;

Veldman, Geertruida M.; Venturini, Amy; Warne, Nicholas W.; Widom, Angela; Elvin, John G.; Duncan,

Alexander R.; Derbyshire, Elaine J.; Carmen, Sara; Smith, Stephen; Holtet, Thor Las; Du, Fou Sarah L. Basf A.-G., Germany; Genetics Institute Inc.; et al.

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

PCT Int. Appl., 377 pp. SOURCE:

CODEN: PIXXD2 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

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KIND DATE
     PATENT NO.
                                              APPLICATION NO. DATE
                                              -----
     WO 2000056772
                       A1 20000928
                                            WO 2000-US7946 20000324
         W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CR,
             CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU,
             LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE,
             SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM
         RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE,
             DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG
                       A 20010928
                                            NZ 2000-513945
                                                                 20000324
     NZ 513945
                                                                 20000324
     BR 2000009323
                       A 20020108
                                             BR 2000-9323
                                             EP 2000-918396
     EP 1175446
                       A1 20020130
                                                                 20000324
             AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT,
              IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO
                       T2 20021217
     JP 2002542770
                                               JP 2000-606632
                                                                 20000324
                                                                 20010921
                       Α
                                              NO 2001-4605
     NO 2001004605
                              20011126
                                           US 1999-126603P P 19990325
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:
                                           WO 2000-US7946
                                                            W 20000324
```

Human antibodies, preferably recombinant human antibodies, that AB specifically bind to human interleukin-12 (hIL-12) are disclosed. Preferred antibodies have high affinity for hIL-12 and neutralize hIL-12 activity in vitro and in vivo . An antibody of the invention can be a full-length antibody or an antigen-binding portion thereof. The antibodies, or antibody portions, of the invention are useful for detecting hIL-12 and for inhibiting hIL-12 activity, e.g., in a human subject suffering from a disorder in which hIL-12 activity is detrimental. Nucleic acids, vectors and host cells for expressing the recombinant human antibodies of the invention, and methods of synthesizing the recombinant human antibodies, are also encompassed by the invention.

297740-63-7 TΤ

> RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); PRP (Properties); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(recombinant human antibodies that bind human IL-12 for treatment of autoimmune diseases and inflammatory diseases)

REFERENCE COUNT: 7 THERE ARE 7 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS

### Yu 09 851422

#### RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

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ANSWER 10 OF 12 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS
                           1997:72207 HCAPLUS
ACCESSION NUMBER:
DOCUMENT NUMBER:
                           126:87941
TITLE:
                           The human ataxia-telangiectasia gene ATM, the gene
                           product, and novel mutations giving rise to the
                           disease
                           Shiloh, Yosef; Tagle, Danilo A.; Collins, Francis S.
INVENTOR(S):
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):
                           Ramot-University Authority for Applied Research and
                           Industrial Development, Ltd., Israel; United States
                           Dept. of Health and Human Services; Shiloh, Yosef;
                           Tagle, Danilo A.; Collins, Francis S.
SOURCE:
                           PCT Int. Appl., 126 pp.
                           CODEN: PIXXD2
DOCUMENT TYPE:
                           Patent
                           English
LANGUAGE:
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:
PATENT INFORMATION:
                                             APPLICATION NO. DATE
                      KIND DATE
     PATENT NO.
     WO 9636695
                       A1 19961121
                                             WO 1996-US7040 19960516
         W: AL, AM, AU, BB, BG, BR, CA, CN, CZ, EE, FI, GE, HU, IS, JP, KG, KP, KR, LK, LR, LT, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN, MX, NO, NZ, PL, RO, SG, SI, SK, TR, TT, UA, US, UZ, VN, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM RW: KE, LS, MW, SD, SZ, UG, AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, ML,
              MR, NE, SN, TD, TG
                                               US 1995-441822
     US 5756288
                       Α
                              19980526
                                                                  19950516
                                               US 1995-493092
     US 5728807
                        A
                              19980317
                                                                  19950621
     US 5777093
                        Α
                              19980707
                                               US 1995-508836
                                                                  19950728
                              19961129
                                               AU 1996-58608
                                                                  19960516
     AU 9658608
                        A1
                              19990819
     AU 709009
                        В2
     EP 826033
                        A1
                             19980304
                                              EP 1996-920237
                                                                  19960516
             AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT,
              IE, FI
                         T2
                                               JP 1996-535050
                                                                  19960516
     JP 11506909
                              19990622
                         B1
                              20010403
                                               US 1998-952127
                                                                 19980226
     US 6211336
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:
                                            US 1995-441822 A 19950516
                                            US 1995-493092 A 19950621
                                            US 1995-508836
                                                             A 19950728
                                                              W 19960516
                                            WO 1996-US7040
     The human gene designated ATM, mutations of which cause
AB
     ataxia-telangiectasia, is cloned and characterized. Methods of
     identifying carriers of ATM alleles giving rise to ataxia telangiectasia
     are described. The gene was cloned after mapping to the 11q22-23 region,
     using YACs covering the interval D11S384-D11S1818 to obtain the
     full-length gene. Heterogeneity in the 5'-region of the gene appeared to
     arise from differential splicing of the transcript. The protein has a no.
     of sequence motifs that indicate a role in signal transduction and it is
     suggested to be a phosphatidylinositol-3-kinase. Sequencing of genes from
     ataxia-telangiectasia patients identified 34 new mutations in the ATM
     genes. Methods of detecting these mutations, including restriction
     endonuclease fingerprinting are described.
ΙT
     185410-66-6
     RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); PRP (Properties); BIOL (Biological
```

mutations giving rise to disease)

L3 ANSWER 11 OF 12 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

study); USES (Uses)

(amino acid sequence, antigenic peptide of ataxia-telangiectasia

protein; human ataxia-telangiectasia gene ATM, gene product, and novel

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1994:407302 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 121:7302

TITLE: Antibodies specific for a hemostatic protein and their

use in the isolation of the protein free of proteolysis products for use in hemostatic

compositions

INVENTOR(S): Van Mourik, Jan Aart; Van, Mourik Jan Aart PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Stichting Centraal Laboratorium van de

Bloedtransfusiedienst van het Nederlandse Rode Kruis,

Neth.

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 32 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATE	ENT NO.	K:	IND DA	TE		AP	PLICATI	ION N	DATE						
WO 9	9405692 W: AU,			940317		WO	1993-1	NL174		1993	0826				
	RW: AT,			K, ES,	FR,	GB, G	SR, IE,	IT,	LU,	MC,	NL,	PT,	SE		
EP 6	658168 ·		A1 19									•			
EP 6	558168	1	31 20	001115											
	R: AT,	BE, CH	DE, D	K, ES,	FR,	GB, G	GR, IE,	IT,	LI,	LU,	MC,	NL,	PT,	SE	
JP (	08500833		2 19	960130		JP	1993-5	50706	9	1993	0826				
AU 6	578987	]	32 19	970619		AU	1993-4	18359		1993	0826				
AU 9	9348359	Ĩ	19	940329											
AT 1	L97590	I	20	001215		AT	1993-9	92112	9	19930	0826				
ES 2	2152953		3 20	010216		ES	1993-9	92112	9	1993	0826				
US 5	5932706	I	19	990803		US	1997-7	797842	2	1997	0210				
PRIORITY	APPLN. 1	NFO.:			F	EP 199	92-2026	515	Α	1992	0827				
					V	VO 199	93-NL17	7 4	W	19930	0826				

AB A method for the generation of Ca2+-independent antibodies against blood coagulation factors uses an antibody selection strategy based on small peptides that are target sequences for limited proteolysis. These antibodies distinguish between intact and cleaved species of the hemostatic protein, provide novel tools for the isolation of intact hemostatic proteins. The absence of cleavage products usually assocd. with side effects or reduced efficacy means that the intact proteins may serve as improved agents in therapeutic compns. for the treatment of hemostatic disorders. A Ca2+-independent monoclonal antibody to human factor IX was prepd. by std. methods using the primary activation site peptide Q139-D154 as the antigen with hybridomas screened for Ca2+-independent binding to factor IX. The use of the immobilized monoclonal antibodies to purify factor IX and its ability to differentiate proteolysis products and the intact protein are described. Similar expts. are described for protein S.

#### IT 155569-46-3

RL: BIOL (Biological study)

(monoclonal antibodies to, for prepn. of protein free of cleavage products)

L3 ANSWER 12 OF 12 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1993:531522 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 119:131522

TITLE: Serine protease derived-polypeptides, anti-peptide

antibodies, and systems and therapeutic methods for

inhibiting coagulation

INVENTOR(S): Griffin, John H.; Mesters, Rolf M. PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Scripps Research Institute, USA

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 149 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE

WO 9309804 A1 19930527 WO 1992-US10242 19921118

W: CA, JP

RW: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, SE

US 5679639 A 19971021 US 1994-295411 19940822 US 5968751 A 19991019 US 1997-955471 19971021 PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: US 1991-793989 19911118 US 1994-295411 19940822

Peptides and anti-peptide antibodies are disclosed which can inhibit serine protease activity. In particular, peptides and anti-peptide antibodies derived from the blood coagulation serine proteases Factor VIIa, Factor IXa, Factor Xa, Factor XIa, thrombin, and plasma kallikrein are described that are capable of inhibiting coagulation. The peptides and antibodies are useful in methods and systems for inhibiting serine proteases, end esp. for inhibiting blood coagulation processes mediated by serine proteases in vitro or in a human patient. Prodn. of polyclonal and monoclonal antibodies to protein C fragments is described; activity of the peptides and antibodies of the invention (peptide sequences included) is demonstrated in a variety of coagulation-related assays.

IT 149754-55-2, Blood-coagulation factor IX fragment
RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)

(amino acid sequence of and anticoagulant activity of)

=> =>

=> fil reg FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 09:21:51 ON 07 MAY 2003 USE IS SUBJECT TO THE TERMS OF YOUR STN CUSTOMER AGREEMENT. PLEASE SEE "HELP USAGETERMS" FOR DETAILS. COPYRIGHT (C) 2003 American Chemical Society (ACS)

Property values tagged with IC are from the ZIC/VINITI data file provided by InfoChem.

STRUCTURE FILE UPDATES: 6 MAY 2003 HIGHEST RN 511508-58-0 DICTIONARY FILE UPDATES: 6 MAY 2003 HIGHEST RN 511508-58-0

TSCA INFORMATION NOW CURRENT THROUGH JANUARY 6, 2003

Please note that search-term pricing does apply when conducting SmartSELECT searches.

Crossover limits have been increased. See HELP CROSSOVER for details.

Experimental and calculated property data are now available. See HELP PROPERTIES for more information. See STNote 27, Searching Properties in the CAS Registry File, for complete details: http://www.cas.org/ONLINE/STN/STNOTES/stnotes27.pdf

=> =>

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     ANSWER 2 OF 16 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS
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OTHER NAMES:
CN
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     ANSWER 3 OF 16 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS
1.2
RN
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OTHER NAMES:
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SQL
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HITS AT:
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REFERENCE
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     ANSWER 4 OF 16 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS
L2
RN
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     (CA INDEX NAME)
OTHER NAMES:
CN
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REFERENCE
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ANSWER 5 OF 16 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS
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     501118-82-7 REGISTRY
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     INDEX NAME)
OTHER NAMES:
     98: PN: WOO3020764 TABLE: 1 claimed sequence
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SQL
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REFERENCE
     ANSWER 6 OF 16 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS
     496911-40-1 REGISTRY
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CN
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     13
SQL
    13
SEO
         1 MEDRATLRIS SQL
HITS AT:
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REFERENCE
     ANSWER 7 OF 16 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS
T<sub>2</sub>2
RN
     496911-39-8 REGISTRY
CN
     L-Leucine, L-isoleucyl-L-histidyl-L-.alpha.-aspartyl-L-valyl-L-alanyl-L-
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     alanyl-L-threonyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
SQL
    13
SQL
    13
SEQ
         1 IHDVALMEDR ATL
                   == ==
HITS AT:
           9 - 12
            1: 138:168794
REFERENCE
     ANSWER 8 OF 16 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS
L2
RN
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     phenylalanyl-L-.alpha.-aspartyl-L-arginyl-L-alanyl-L-threonyl-L-tyrosyl-
     (9CI)
           (CA INDEX NAME)
OTHER NAMES:
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SQL
    17
SQL
    17
SEO
         1 ESSFDYYFDY FDRATYV
HITS AT:
           12-15
REFERENCE
            1: 137:259591
     ANSWER 9 OF 16 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS
```

L2

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 REFERENCE
             ANSWER 10 OF 16 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS
             461387-07-5 REGISTRY
 RN
 CN
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             aspartyl-L-tyrosyl-L-tyrosyl-L-phenylalanyl-L-.alpha.-aspartyl-L-tyrosyl-L-
             phenylalanyl-L-.alpha.-aspartyl-L-arginyl-L-alanyl-L-threonyl-L-tyrosyl-
                          (CA INDEX NAME)
 OTHER NAMES:
             37: PN: WO02072613 FIGURE: 12 unclaimed sequence
 SOL
            17
 SOL
                      1 ESSFDYYFDY FDRATYG
 SEO
 HITS AT:
                          12 - 15
 REFERENCE
                            1: 137:259591
            ANSWER 11 OF 16 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS
 L_2
             444697-38-5 REGISTRY
 RN
 CN
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             arginylglycyl-L-phenylalanyl-L-prolyl-L-prolyl-L-.alpha.-aspartyl-L-
             \verb|arginyl-L-alanyl-L-threonyl-L-prolyl-L-leucyl-L-leucyl-L-glutaminyl-L-leucyl-L-glutaminyl-L-leucyl-L-glutaminyl-L-leucyl-L-glutaminyl-L-leucyl-L-glutaminyl-L-leucyl-L-glutaminyl-L-leucyl-L-glutaminyl-L-leucyl-L-glutaminyl-L-leucyl-L-glutaminyl-L-leucyl-L-glutaminyl-L-leucyl-L-glutaminyl-L-glutaminyl-L-glutaminyl-L-glutaminyl-L-glutaminyl-L-glutaminyl-L-glutaminyl-L-glutaminyl-L-glutaminyl-L-glutaminyl-L-glutaminyl-L-glutaminyl-L-glutaminyl-L-glutaminyl-L-glutaminyl-L-glutaminyl-L-glutaminyl-L-glutaminyl-L-glutaminyl-L-glutaminyl-L-glutaminyl-L-glutaminyl-L-glutaminyl-L-glutaminyl-L-glutaminyl-L-glutaminyl-L-glutaminyl-L-glutaminyl-L-glutaminyl-L-glutaminyl-L-glutaminyl-L-glutaminyl-L-glutaminyl-L-glutaminyl-L-glutaminyl-L-glutaminyl-L-glutaminyl-L-glutaminyl-L-glutaminyl-L-glutaminyl-L-glutaminyl-L-glutaminyl-L-glutaminyl-L-glutaminyl-L-glutaminyl-L-glutaminyl-L-glutaminyl-L-glutaminyl-L-glutaminyl-L-glutaminyl-L-glutaminyl-L-glutaminyl-L-glutaminyl-L-glutaminyl-L-glutaminyl-L-glutaminyl-L-glutaminyl-L-glutaminyl-L-glutaminyl-L-glutaminyl-L-glutaminyl-L-glutaminyl-L-glutaminyl-L-glutaminyl-L-glutaminyl-L-glutaminyl-L-glutaminyl-L-glutaminyl-L-glutaminyl-L-glutaminyl-L-glutaminyl-L-glutaminyl-L-glutaminyl-L-glutaminyl-L-glutaminyl-L-glutaminyl-L-glutaminyl-L-glutaminyl-L-glutaminyl-L-glutaminyl-L-glutaminyl-L-glutaminyl-L-glutaminyl-L-glutaminyl-L-glutaminyl-L-glutaminyl-L-glutaminyl-L-glutaminyl-L-glutaminyl-L-glutaminyl-L-glutaminyl-L-glutaminyl-L-glutaminyl-L-glutaminyl-L-glutaminyl-L-glutaminyl-L-glutaminyl-L-glutaminyl-L-glutaminyl-L-glutaminyl-L-glutaminyl-L-glutaminyl-L-glutaminyl-L-glutaminyl-L-glutaminyl-L-glutaminyl-L-glutaminyl-L-glutaminyl-L-glutaminyl-L-glutaminyl-L-glutaminyl-L-glutaminyl-L-glutaminyl-L-glutaminyl-L-glutaminyl-L-glutaminyl-L-glutaminyl-L-glutaminyl-L-glutaminyl-L-glutaminyl-L-glutaminyl-L-glutaminyl-L-glutaminyl-L-glutaminyl-L-glutaminyl-L-glutaminyl-L-glutaminyl-L-glutaminyl-L-glutaminyl-L-glutaminyl-L-glutaminyl-L-glutaminyl-L-glutaminyl-L-glutaminyl-L-glutaminyl-L-glutaminyl
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 OTHER NAMES:
 CN
            149: PN: WO02061087 SEQID: 950 claimed protein
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            ANSWER 12 OF 16 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS
            336835-32-6 REGISTRY
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            209: PN: WOO131019 PAGE: 406 claimed protein
            4636: PN: WO0131019 PAGE: 702 claimed protein
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            2:
REFERENCE
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     ANSWER 13 OF 16 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS
RN
     297740-63-7 REGISTRY
CN
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     NAME)
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     497: PN: WO0056772 SEQID: 573 claimed sequence
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SEQ
HITS AT:
           4 - 7
REFERENCE
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L2
     ANSWER 14 OF 16 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS
RN
     185410-66-6 REGISTRY
CN
     L-Phenylalanine, L-cysteinyl-L-arginyl-L-glutaminyl-L-leucyl-L-.alpha.-
     glutamyl-L-histidyl-L-.alpha.-aspartyl-L-arginyl-L-alanyl-L-threonyl-L-
     .alpha.-glutamyl-L-arginyl-L-lysyl-L-lysyl-L-.alpha.-glutamyl-L-valyl-L-
     .alpha.-aspartyl-L-lysyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
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HITS AT:
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REFERENCE
            2:
                126:87941
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     ANSWER 15 OF 16 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS
RN
     155569-46-3 REGISTRY
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     leucyl-L-arginyl-L-valyl-L-prolyl-L-leucyl-L-valyl-L-.alpha.-aspartyl-L-
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SQL
     16
SEO
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REFERENCE
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     ANSWER 16 OF 16 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS
L_2
RN
     149754-55-2 REGISTRY
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CN
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     alanyl- (9CI)
                   (CA INDEX NAME)
OTHER NAMES:
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Blood-coagulation factor IX fragment

CN

SQL 15

SEQ 1 LVLQYLRVPL VDRAT

====

HITS AT: 12-15

REFERENCE 1: 119:131522

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FILE COVERS 1907 - 7 May 2003 VOL 138 ISS 19 FILE LAST UPDATED: 6 May 2003 (20030506/ED)

This file contains CAS Registry Numbers for easy and accurate substance identification.

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=> d ibib abs hitrn 16 1-7

AUTHOR(S):

ANSWER 1 OF 7 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS ACCESSION NUMBER: 2003:18945 HCAPLUS 138:67676

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

TITLE: Generation and initial analysis of more than 15,000 full-length human and mouse cDNA sequences

> Strausberg, Robert L.; Feingold, Elise A.; Grouse, Lynette H.; Derge, Jeffery G.; Klausner, Richard D.; Collins, Francis S.; Wagner, Lukas; Shenmen, Carolyn M.; Schuler, Gregory D.; Altschul, Stephen F.;

Zeeberg, Barry; Buetow, Kenneth H.; Schaefer, Carl F.; Bhat, Narayan K.; Hopkins, Ralph F.; Jordan, Heather; Moore, Troy; Max, Steve I.; Wang, Jun; Hsieh,

Florence; Diatchenko, Luda; Marusina, Kate; Farmer, Andrew A.; Rubin, Gerald M.; Hong, Ling; Stapleton, Mark; Soares, M. Bento; Bonaldo, Maria F.; Casavant, Tom L.; Scheetz, Todd E.; Brownstein, Michael J.; Usdin, Ted B.; Toshiyuki, Shiraki; Carninci, Piero; Prange, Christa; Raha, Sam S.; Loquellano, Naomi A.;

Peters, Garrick J.; Abramson, Rick D.; Mullahy, Sara J.; Bosak, Stephanie A.; McEwan, Paul J.; McKernan, Kevin J.; Malek, Joel A.; Gunaratne, Preethi H.; Richards, Stephen; Worley, Kim C.; Hale, Sarah;

Garcia, Angela M.; Gay, Laura J.; Hulyk, Stephen W.; Villalon, Debbie K.; Muzny, Donna M.; Sodergren, Erica J.; Lu, Xiuhua; Gibbs, Richard A.; Fahey, Jessica; Helton, Erin; Ketteman, Mark; Madan, Anuradha; Rodrigues, Stephanie; Sanchez, Amy; Whiting, Michelle; Madan, Anup; Young, Alice C.; Shevchenko, Yuriy; Bouffard, Gerard G.; Blakesley, Robert W.; Touchman, Jeffrey W.; Green, Eric D.; Dickson, Mark C.; Rodriguez, Alex C.; Grimwood, Jane; Schmutz, Jeremy; Myers, Richard M.; Butterfield, Yaron S. N.; Krzywinski, Martin I.; Skalska, Ursula; Smailus, Duane E.; Schnerch, Angelique; Schein, Jacqueline E.; Jones, Steven J. M.; Marra, Marco A.

CORPORATE SOURCE:

National Cancer Institute, NIH, Bethesda, MD, 20892-2580, USA

SOURCE:

Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America (2002), 99(26), 16899-16903

CODEN: PNASA6; ISSN: 0027-8424 National Academy of Sciences

PUBLISHER: DOCUMENT TYPE: LANGUAGE:

Journal English

The National Institutes of Health Mammalian Gene Collection (MGC) Program is a multiinstitutional effort to identify and sequence a cDNA clone contg. a complete ORF for each human and mouse gene. ESTs were generated from libraries enriched for full-length cDNAs and analyzed to identify candidate full-ORF clones, which then were sequenced to high accuracy. The MGC has currently sequenced and verified the full ORF for a nonredundant set of >9000 human and >6000 mouse genes. Candidate full-ORF clones for an addnl. 7800 human and 3500 mouse genes also have been identified. All MGC sequences and clones are available without restriction through public databases and clone distribution networks. [This abstr. record is one of eleven records for this document necessitated by the large no. of index entries required to fully index the document and publication system constraints.].

IT 480726-59-8

> RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); PRP (Properties); BIOL (Biological study)

(amino acid sequence; generation and initial anal. of more than 15,000 full-length human and mouse cDNA sequences)

REFERENCE COUNT:

THERE ARE 18 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS 18 RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

ANSWER 2 OF 7 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS ACCESSION NUMBER:

2003:8443 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

138:164530

TITLE:

Analysis of the mouse transcriptome based on

functional annotation of 60,770 full-length cDNAs Okazaki, Y.; Furuno, M.; Kasukawa, T.; Adachi, J.; Bono, H.; Kondo, S.; Nikaido, I.; Osato, N.; Saito, R.; Suzuki, H.; Yamanaka, I.; Kiyosawa, H.; Yagi, K.; Tomaru, Y.; Hasegawa, Y.; Nogami, A.; Schoenbach, C.; Gojobori, T.; Baldarelli, R.; Hill, D. P.; Bult, C.; Hume, D. A.; Quackenbush, J.; Schriml, L. M.; Kanapin, A.; Matsuda, H.; Batalov, S.; Beisel, K. W.; Blake, J. A.; Bradt, D.; Brusic, V.; Chothia, C.; Corbani, L. E.; Cousins, S.; Dalla, E.; Dragani, T. A.; Fletcher, C. F.; Forrest, A.; Frazer, K. S.; Gaasterland, T.; Gariboldi, M.; Gissi, C.; Godzik, A.; Gough, J.; Grimmond, S.; Gustincich, S.; Hirokawa, N.; Jackson, I. J.; Jarvis, E. D.; Kanai, A.; Kawaji, H.; Kawasawa, Y.; Kedzierski, R. M.; King, B. L.; Konagaya, A.; Kurochkin, I. V.; Lee, Y.; Lenhard, B.; Lyons, P. A.;

Maglott, D. R.; Maltais, L.; Marchionni, L.; McKenzie,

AUTHOR(S):

L.; Miki, H.; Nagashima, T.; Numata, K.; Okido, T.; Pavan, W. J.; Pertea, G.; Pesole, G.; Petrovsky, N.; Pillai, R.; Pontius, J. U.; Qi, D.; Ramachandran, S.; Ravasi, T.; Reed, J. C.; Reed, D. J.; Reid, J.; Ring, B. Z.; Ringwald, M.; Sandelin, A.; Schneider, C.; Semple, C. A. M.; Setou, M.; Shimada, K.; Sultana, R.; Takenaka, Y.; Taylor, M. S.; Teasdale, R. D.; Tomita, M.; Verardo, R.; Wagner, L.; Wahlestedt, C.; Wang, Y.; Watanabe, Y.; Wells, C.; Wilming, L. G.; Wynshaw-Boris, A.; Yanagisawa, M.; Yang, I.; Yang, L.; Yuan, Z.; Zavolan, M.; Zhu, Y.; Zimmer, A.; Carninci, P.; Hayatsu, N.; Hirozane-Kishikawa, T.; Konno, H.; Nakamura, M.; Sakazume, N.; Sato, K.; Shiraki, T.; Waki, K.; Kawai, J.; Aizawa, K.; Arakawa, T.; Fukuda, S.; Hara, A.; Hashizume, W.; Imotani, K.; Ishii, Y.; Itoh, M.; Kagawa, I.; Miyazaki, A.; Sakai, K.; Sasaki, D.; Shibata, K.; Shinagawa, A.; Yasunishi, A.; Yoshino, M.; Waterston, R.; Lander, E. S.; Rogers, J.; Birney, E.; Hayashizaki, Y.

CORPORATE SOURCE:

Laboratory for Genome Exploration Research Group, RIKEN Genomic Sciences Center (GSC), Yokohama

Institute, 1-7-22 Suehiro-cho, Tsurumi-ku, Yokohama,

Kanagawa, 230-0045, Japan

SOURCE:

Nature (London, United Kingdom) (2002), 420(6915),

563-573

CODEN: NATUAS; ISSN: 0028-0836

PUBLISHER:

Nature Publishing Group

DOCUMENT TYPE: LANGUAGE: Journal English

Only a small proportion of the mouse genome is transcribed into mature mRNA transcripts. There is an international collaborative effort to identify all full-length mRNA transcripts from the mouse, and to ensure that each is represented in a phys. collection of clones. The manual annotation of 60,770 full-length mouse cDNA sequences is now reported. These are clustered into 33,409 'transcriptional units', contributing 90.1% of a newly established mouse transcriptome database. Of these transcriptional units, 4258 are new protein-coding and 11,665 are new non-coding messages, indicating that non-coding RNA is a major component of the transcriptome. Forty-one percent of all transcriptional units showed evidence of alternative splicing. In protein-coding transcripts, 79% of splice variations altered the protein product. Whole-transcriptome analyses resulted in the identification of 2431 sense-antisense pairs. The present work, completely supported by phys. clones, provides the most comprehensive survey of a mammalian transcriptome so far, and is a valuable resource for functional genomics. The cDNA sequences are deposited in GenBank/EMBL/DDBJ under accession nos. AK002213-AK021412, AK027261-AK054560, AK075567-AK090394, and AK117103-AK117104. [This abstr. record is one of thirty records for this document necessitated by the large no. of index entries required to fully index the document and publication system constraints.].

IT 493650-09-2, GenBank BAC40412

RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); PRP (Properties); BIOL (Biological study)

(amino acid sequence; anal. of the mouse transcriptome based on functional annotation of 60,770 full-length cDNAs)

L6 ANSWER 3 OF 7 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:921224 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 138:84295

TITLE: Analysis of the mouse transcriptome based on

functional annotation of 60,770 full-length cDNAs Okazaki, Y.; Furuno, M.; Kasukawa, T.; Adachi, J.; Bono, H.; Kondo, S.; Nikaido, I.; Osato, N.; Saito,

Page 19

R.; Suzuki, H.; Yamanaka, I.; Kiyosawa, H.; Yaqi, K.; Tomaru, Y.; Hasegawa, Y.; Nogami, A.; Schoenbach, C.; Gojobori, T.; Baldarelli, R.; Hill, D. P.; Bult, C.; Hume, D. A.; Quackenbush, J.; Schriml, L. M.; Kanapin, A.; Matsuda, H.; Batalov, S.; Beisel, K. W.; Blake, J. A.; Bradt, D.; Brusic, V.; Chothia, C.; Corbani, L. E.; Cousins, S.; Dalla, E.; Dragani, T. A.; Fletcher, C. F.; Forrest, A.; Frazer, K. S.; Gaasterland, T.; Gariboldi, M.; Gissi, C.; Godzik, A.; Gough, J.; Grimmond, S.; Gustincich, S.; Hirokawa, N.; Jackson, I. J.; Jarvis, E. D.; Kanai, A.; Kawaji, H.; Kawasawa, Y.; Kedzierski, R. M.; King, B. L.; Konagaya, A.; Kurochkin, I. V.; Lee, Y.; Lenhard, B.; Lyons, P. A.; Maglott, D. R.; Maltais, L.; Marchionni, L.; McKenzie, L.; Miki, H.; Nagashima, T.; Numata, K.; Okido, T.; Pavan, W. J.; Pertea, G.; Pesole, G.; Petrovsky, N.; Pillai, R.; Pontius, J. U.; Qi, D.; Ramachandran, S.; Ravasi, T.; Reed, J. C.; Reed, D. J.; Reid, J.; Ring, B. Z.; Ringwald, M.; Sandelin, A.; Schneider, C.; Semple, C. A. M.; Setou, M.; Shimada, K.; Sultana, R.; Takenaka, Y.; Taylor, M. S.; Teasdale, R. D.; Tomita, M.; Verardo, R.; Wagner, L.; Wahlestedt, C.; Wang, Y.; Watanabe, Y.; Wells, C.; Wilming, L. G.; Wynshaw-Boris, A.; Yanagisawa, M.; Yang, I.; Yang, L.; Yuan, Z.; Zavolan, M.; Zhu, Y.; Zimmer, A.; Carninci, P.; Hayatsu, N.; Hirozane-Kishikawa, T.; Konno, H.; Nakamura, M.; Sakazume, N.; Sato, K.; Shiraki, T.; Waki, K.; Kawai, J.; Aizawa, K.; Arakawa, T.; Fukuda, S.; Hara, A.; Hashizume, W.; Imotani, K.; Ishii, Y.; Itoh, M.; Kagawa, I.; Miyazaki, A.; Sakai, K.; Sasaki, D.; Shibata, K.; Shinagawa, A.; Yasunishi, A.; Yoshino, M.; Waterston, R.; Lander, E. S.; Rogers, J.; Birney, E.; Hayashizaki, Y.

CORPORATE SOURCE:

SOURCE:

PUBLISHER:
DOCUMENT TYPE:
LANGUAGE:

Laboratory for Genome Exploration Research Group, RIKEN Genomic Sciences Center (GSC), Yokohama Institute, 1-7-22 Suehiro-cho, Tsurumi-ku, Yokohama,

Kanagawa, 230-0045, Japan
Nature (London, United Kingdom) (2002), 420(6915),

563-573

CODEN: NATUAS; ISSN: 0028-0836

Nature Publishing Group

Journal English

Only a small proportion of the mouse genome is transcribed into mature mRNA transcripts. There is an international collaborative effort to identify all full-length mRNA transcripts from the mouse, and to ensure that each is represented in a phys. collection of clones. The manual annotation of 60,770 full-length mouse cDNA sequences is now reported. These are clustered into 33,409 'transcriptional units', contributing 90.1% of a newly established mouse transcriptome database. Of these transcriptional units, 4258 are new protein-coding and 11,665 are new non-coding messages, indicating that non-coding RNA is a major component of the transcriptome. Forty-one percent of all transcriptional units showed evidence of alternative splicing. In protein-coding transcripts, 79% of splice variations altered the protein product. Whole-transcriptome analyses resulted in the identification of 2431 sense-antisense pairs. The present work, completely supported by phys. clones, provides the most comprehensive survey of a mammalian transcriptome so far, and is a valuable resource for functional genomics. The cDNA sequences are deposited in GenBank/EMBL/DDBJ under accession nos. AK002213-AK021412, AK027261-AK054560, AK075567-AK090394, and AK117103-AK117104. [This abstr. record is one of thirty records for this document necessitated by the large no. of index entries required to fully index the document and

Yu 09 851422 publication system constraints.]. IT 326048-50-4 RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); PRP (Properties); BIOL (Biological study) (amino acid sequence; anal. of the mouse transcriptome based on functional annotation of 60,770 full-length cDNAs) REFERENCE COUNT: 53 THERE ARE 53 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT L6 ANSWER 4 OF 7 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001:872086 HCAPLUS DOCUMENT NUMBER: 136:32768 TITLE: Nucleic acids and their encoded polypeptides from human tissues INVENTOR(S): Tang, Y. Tom; Liu, Chenghua; Drmanac, Radoje T. PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Hyseq, Inc., USA PCT Int. Appl., 831 pp. SOURCE: CODEN: PIXXD2 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: English FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 76 PATENT INFORMATION: PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE ----WO 2001-XB14827 20010516 WO 2001088088 Α2 20011122 W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG WO 2001088088 20011122 WO 2001-US14827 20010516 A2 WO 2001088088 20021031 A3 AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, W: CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY,

DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:

US 2000-577408 A 20000518
WO 2001-US14827 W 20010516

The present invention provides a collection or library of 8051 nucleic acid contig sequences assembled from expressed sequence tag or cDNA libraries isolated mainly by sequencing by hybridization (SBH), std. PCR, Sanger sequencing techniques, and in some cases, sequences obtained form one or more public databases. The cDNA libraries are from human tissue sources and nearest neighbor sequence homologies are provided. The invention also relates to the proteins encoded by such polynucleotides, along with therapeutic, diagnostic and research utilities for these polynucleotides and proteins. [This abstr. record is one of four records for this document necessitated by the large no. of index entries required to fully index the document and publication system constraints.].

IT 375901-52-3

RL: ANT (Analyte); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); PRP (Properties); THU (Therapeutic use); ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(amino acid sequence; nucleic acids and their encoded polypeptides from human tissues)

L6 ANSWER 5 OF 7 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001:781083 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 135:353783

TITLE: Human nucleic acids and their encoded polypeptides INVENTOR(S): Tang, Y. Tom; Liu, Chenghua; Drmanac, Radoje T.

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Hyseq, Inc., USA

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 765 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: English FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 76

PATENT INFORMATION:

PA'	PATENT NO.					DATE			A	PPLI	CATI	ON NO	٥.	DATE				
	2001	-				2001				0 20	01-U	S865	6	2001	0416			
WO	2001	0794	49	A	3	20020328												
	W:	ΑE,	AG,	AL,	AM,	AT,	AU,	AZ,	ΒA,	BB,	BG,	BR,	BY,	BZ,	CA,	CH,	CN,	
		CR,	CU,	CZ,	DE,	DK,	DM,	DZ,	EE,	ES,	FI,	GB,	GD,	GE,	GH,	GM,	HR,	
		HU,	ID,	IL,	IN,	IS,	JP,	KE,	KG,	KP,	KR,	KZ,	LC,	LK,	LR,	LS,	LT,	
														PL,				
		SD,	SE,	SG,	SI,	SK,	SL,	TJ,	TM,	TR,	TT,	TZ,	UA,	UG,	US,	UZ,	VN,	
		YU,	ZA,	ZW,	AM,	AZ,	BY,	KG,	KZ,	MD,	RU,	TJ,	TM					
	RW:	GH,	GM,	KE,	LS,	MW,	MZ,	SD,	SL,	SZ,	TZ,	UG,	ZW,	AT,	BE,	CH,	CY,	
-		DE,	DK,	ES,	FI,	FR,	GB,	GR,	ΙE,	TI.	LU,	MC,	NL,	PT,	SE,	TR,	BF,	
		ВJ,	CF,	CG,	CI,	CM,	GA,	GN,	GW,	ML,	MR,	NE,	SN,	TD,	TG			
AU	AU 2001050872 A5 20011030								A	U 20	01-5	0872		2001	0416			
PRIORITY	PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:							1	US 2000-552929 A 2000						0418			
								1	US 2	001-	7701	60	A	2001	0126			
								WO 2	001-	JS86	56	W	2001	0416				

The present invention provides 5497 novel nucleic acids, 5497 novel polypeptide sequences encoded by these nucleic acids, and their uses for diagnostic, therapeutic, and research purposes. A collection or library of the novel nucleic acid sequences were assembled from expressed sequence tags (ESTs) isolated mainly by sequencing by hybridization, and in some cases, sequences obtained from one or more public databases. Contigs were assembled using the EST sequence as a seed. Then a recursive algorithm was used to extend the seed EST into an extended assemblage, by pulling addnl. sequences from different databases that belong to this assemblage. [This abstr. record is one of two records for this document necessitated by the large no. of index entries required to fully index the document and publication system constraints.].

IT 368940-85-6P

RL: ANT (Analyte); BOC (Biological occurrence); BPN (Biosynthetic preparation); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BUU (Biological use, unclassified); PRP (Properties); ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); OCCU (Occurrence); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses) (amino acid sequence; human nucleic acids and their encoded polypeptides)

L6 ANSWER 6 OF 7 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS ACCESSIGN NUMBER: 2001:208827 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 134:203316

TITLE: Functional annotation of a full-length mouse cDNA

collection

AUTHOR(S): Kawai, J.; Shinagawa, A.; Shibata, K.; Yoshino, M.; Itoh, M.; Ishii, Y.; Arakawa, T.; Hara, A.; Fukunishi,

Y.; Konno, H.; Adachi, J.; Fukuda, S.; Aizawa, K.; Izawa, M.; Nishi, K.; Kiyosawa, H.; Kondo, S.; Yamanaka, I.; Saito, T.; Okazaki, Y.; Gojobori, T.;

## Yu 09\_851422

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Bono, H.; Kasukawa, T.; Saito, R.; Kadota, K.;
Matsuda, H.; Ashburner, M.; Batalov, S.; Casavant, T.;
Fleischmann, W.; Gaasterland, T.; Gissi, C.; King, B.;
Kochiwa, H.; Kuehl, P.; Lewis, S.; Matsuo, Y.;
Nikaido, I.; Pesole, G.; Quackenbush, J.; Schriml, L. M.; Staubli, F.; Suzuki, R.; Tomita, M.; Wagner, L.;
Washio, T.; Sakai, K.; Okido, T.; Furuno, M.; Aono,
H.; Baldarelli, R.; Barsh, G.; Blake, J.; Boffelli, D.; Bojunga, N.; Carninci, P.; de Bonaldo, M. F.;
Brownstein, M. J.; Bult, C.; Fletcher, C.; Fujita, M.;
Gariboldi, M.; Gustincich, S.; Hill, D.; Hofmann, M.;
Hume, D. A.; Kamiya, M.; Lee, N. H.; Lyons, P.;
Marchionni, L.; Mashima, J.; Mazzarelli, J.;
Mombaerts, P.; Nordone, P.; Ring, B.; Ringwald, M.;
Rodriquez, I.; Sakamoto, N.; Sasaki, H.; Sato, K.;
Schonbach, C.; Seya, T.; Shibata, Y.; Storch, K.-F.;
Suzuki, H.; Toyo-oka, K.; Wang, K. H.; Weitz, C.;
Whittaker, C.; Wilming, L.; Wynshaw-Boris, A.;
Yoshida, K.; Hasegawa, Y.; Kawaji, H.; Kohtsuki, S.
The RIKEN Genome Exploration Res. Group Phase II Team,
Lab. Genome Exploration Res. Group, RIKEN Genomic
Sciences Center (GSC), Yokohama Inst., Yokohama,
Kanagawa, 230-0045, Japan; The FANTOM Consortium
```

CORPORATE SOURCE:

SOURCE:

Nature (London) (2001), 409(6821), 685-690

CODEN: NATUAS; ISSN: 0028-0836

Nature Publishing Group

PUBLISHER: Journal

DOCUMENT TYPE: LANGUAGE: English

The RIKEN Mouse Gene Encyclopaedia Project, a systematic approach to detg. the full coding potential of the mouse genome, involves collection and sequencing of full-length cDNAs and phys. mapping of the corresponding genes to the mouse genome. An international functional annotation meeting (FANTOM) was organized to annotate the first 21,076 cDNAs to be analyzed in this project. This report describes the first RIKEN clone collection, which is one of the largest described for any organism. Anal. of these cDNAs extends known gene families and identifies new ones. The sequences are deposited into GenBank with Accession nos. AK002213-AK021412 and AK027261-AK027262. Information about these clones is available at RIKEN (http://www.gsc.riken.go.jp/e/FANTOM/viewer/) and Mouse Genome Informatics (http://www.informatics.jax.org and mirror sites). [This abstr. record is the second of 7 records for this document necessitated by the large no. of index entries required to fully index the document and publication system constraints.]

#### ΙT 326048-50-4

RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); PRP (Properties); BIOL (Biological study)

(amino acid sequence; functional annotation of a full-length mouse cDNA collection)

ANSWER 7 OF 7 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS 1997:698834 HCAPLUS ACCESSION NUMBER:

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 128:19757

Structure of cDNAs encoding human eukaryotic TITLE:

initiation factor 3 subunits. Possible roles in RNA

binding and macromolecular assembly

AUTHOR(S): Asano, Katsura; Vornlocher, Hans-Peter; Richter-Cook,

Nancy J.; Merrick, William C.; Hinnebusch, Alan G.;

Hershey, John W. B.

Department of Biological Chemistry, School of CORPORATE SOURCE:

Medicine, University of California, Davis, CA, 95616,

USA

Journal of Biological Chemistry (1997), 272(43), SOURCE:

27042-27052

### Yu 09 851422

CODEN: JBCHA3; ISSN: 0021-9258

PUBLISHER: American Society for Biochemistry and Molecular

Biology

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: English

AΒ The mammalian translation initiation factor 3 (eIF3), is a multiprotein complex of .apprx.600 kDa that binds to the 40 S ribosome and promotes the binding of methionyl-tRNAi and mRNA. The cDNAs encoding 5 of the 10 subunits, namely eIF3-p170, -p116, -p110, -p48, and -p36, have been isolated previously. Here we report the cloning and characterization of human cDNAs encoding the major RNA binding subunit, eIF3-p66, and two addnl. subunits, eIF3-p47 and eIF3-p40. Each of these proteins is present in immunoppts. formed with affinity-purified anti-eIF3-p170 antibodies. Human eIF3-p66 shares 64% sequence identity with a hypothetical Caenorhabditis elegans protein, presumably the p66 homolog. Deletion analyses of recombinant derivs. of eIF3-p66 show that the RNA-binding domain lies within an N-terminal 71-amino acid region rich in lysine and arginine. The N-terminal regions of human eIF3-p40 and eIF3-p47 are related to each other and to 17 other eukaryotic proteins, including murine Mov-34, a subunit of the 26 S proteasome. Phylogenetic analyses of the 19 related protein sequences, called the Mov-34 family, distinguish five major subgroups, where eIF3-p40, eIF3-p47, and Mov-34 are each found in a different subgroup. The subunit compn. of eIF3 appears to be highly conserved in Drosophila melanogaster, C. elegans, and Arabidopsis thaliana, whereas only 5 homologs of the 10 subunits of mammalian eIF3 are encoded in S. cerevisiae.

IT 199455-60-2

> RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); PRP (Properties); BIOL (Biological study) (amino acid sequence; structure of cDNAs encoding human eukaryotic initiation factor 3 subunits and roles in RNA binding and macromol. assembly)

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Property values tagged with IC are from the ZIC/VINITI data file provided by InfoChem.

STRUCTURE FILE UPDATES: 6 MAY 2003 HIGHEST RN 511508-58-0 DICTIONARY FILE UPDATES: 6 MAY 2003 HIGHEST RN 511508-58-0

TSCA INFORMATION NOW CURRENT THROUGH JANUARY 6, 2003

Please note that search-term pricing does apply when conducting SmartSELECT searches.

Crossover limits have been increased. See HELP CROSSOVER for details.

Experimental and calculated property data are now available. See HELP PROPERTIES for more information. See STNote 27, Searching Properties in the CAS Registry File, for complete details: http://www.cas.org/ONLINE/STN/STNOTES/stnotes27.pdf

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=> d .seq 14 tot
   ANSWER 1 OF 7 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS
    493650-09-2 REGISTRY
CN
   GenBank BAC40412 (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
OTHER NAMES:
CN GenBank BAC40412 (Translated from: GenBank AK088537)
SQL 361
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      101 VILASIVDSY ERRNEGAARV IGTLLGTVDK HSVEVTNCFS VPHNESEDEV
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REFERENCE 1: 138:164530
    ANSWER 2 OF 7 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS
    481276-54-4 REGISTRY
RN
    GenBank BAC04577 (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
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OTHER NAMES:
    GenBank BAC04577 (Translated from: GenBank AK095574)
CN
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HITS AT: 130-136
    ANSWER 3 OF 7 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS
R!:
    480726-59-8 REGISTRY
    Eukaryotic translation initiation factor 3 (human clone MGC:8365
    IMAGE: 2819946 47-kilodalton subunit 5) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
OTHER NAMES:
CN
   GenBank AAH00490
CN
    GenBank AAH00490 (Translated from: GenBank BC000490)
SQL 357
SEQ
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HITS AT: 137-143
**RELATED SEQUENCES AVAILABLE WITH SEQLINK**
REFERENCE 1: 138:67676
   ANSWER 4 OF 7 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS
I_{A}A
    375901-52-3 REGISTRY
    Protein (human clone WO0188088-SEQID-8636 fragment) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
OTHER NAMES:
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----- location ----- description
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uncommon
              Aaa-335
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uncommon
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HITS AT: 209-215
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REFERENCE 1: 136:32768

L4 ANSWER 5 OF 7 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

RN 368940-85-6 REGISTRY

CN Protein (human clone WO0179449-SEQID-7186 fragment) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

OTHER NAMES:

CN 1001: PN: WO0179449 SEQID: 1689 claimed sequence

NTE

type ----- location ---- description

uncommon Und-187 - uncommon Und-335 - -

SQL 444

SLQ 201 VEVTNCFSVP HNESEDEVAV DMEFAKNMYE TGIKKVSPNK LILGWYATGH

== =====

HITS AT: 209-215

REFERENCE 1: 135:353783

L4 ANSWER 6 OF 7 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

RN 326048-50-4 REGISTRY

CN Protein (mouse strain C57BL/6J clone 0610037M02 361-amino acid) (9CI) (CA

INDEX NAME)
OTHER NAMES:

CN GenBank AK002778-derived protein GI 12833012

SQL 361

SEQ 101 VILASIVDSY ERRNEGAARV IGTLLGTVDK HSVEVTNCFS VPHNESEDEV

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HITS AT: 141-147

REFERENCE 1: 138:84295

REFERENCE 2: 134:203316

L4 ANSWER 7 OF 7 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

RN 199455-60-2 REGISTRY

CN Initiation factor (protein formation) eIF-3 (human clone pBSp47-17 eIF-3

subunit p47) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

OTHER NAMES:

CN GenBank U94855-derived protein GI 2055431

SQL 357

SEQ 101 SIVDSYERRN EGAARVIGTL LGTVDKHSVE VTNCFSVPHN ESEDEVAVDM

==== ===

HITS AT: 137-143

\*\*RELATED SEQUENCES AVAILABLE WITH SEQLINK\*\*

REFERENCE 1: 128:19757